

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.weylo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/518,553	12/22/2004	Juhana Enqvist	0365-0616PUS1	8402	
2292 BIRCH STEW	7590 03/24/200 /ART KOLASCH & BI	EXAM	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 747			LIN, WEN TAI		
FALLS CHUI	RCH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			2154		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			03/24/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mailroom@bskb.com

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/518.553 ENQVIST, JUHANA Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Wen-Tai Lin 2154 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 November 2007. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-6.9-12 and 14-52 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-6,9-12 and 14-52 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 27 November 2007 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Notice of Informal Patent Application 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _ 6) Other:

DETAILED ACTION

- Claims 1-6, 9-12 and 14-52 are presented for examination.
- The instant office is made non-final because the ground of rejections to several claims has been changed, as compared to the previous office action.
- It is noted that the dependency of claim 3 could have been mistakenly typed as "10" instead of "1".
- The text of those sections of Title 35, USC code not included in this action can be found in the prior Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- Claims 1-6, 9-12, 14-17 and 24-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Krishnamurthy et al. [U.S. Pat. No. 6421676].
- 6. Krishnamurthy was cited in the previous office action as a secondary prior art.
- As to claim 1, Krishnamurthy teaches the invention as claimed including: a method for mediating event records between a generation layer of events [e.g., 104, Fig. 1A] and an

operation system layer of events [e.g., 112, 114, Fig. 1A] in a communications network by means of a mediation layer of events [e.g., 108a – 108n, Fig.1A], which includes at least one first self-contained component of the mediation layer [e.g., 108b, Fig. 1A] and at least one second self-contained component of the mediation layer [e.g., 108a, Fig. 1A], which operates independently of each first component of the mediation layer, and at least one buffer [e.g., Abstract], the method comprising:

collecting event records from an element of the generation layer of events substantially continuously as a stream, by the at least one first self-contained component of the mediation layer, processing the collected event records substantially continuously [e.g., col. 13, lines 43-55; col.3, lines 43-58], wherein the step of processing includes:

writing the output from each of the at least one first self-contained component into one of said at least one buffer, and reading the input for each of the at least one second self-contained component from one of said at least one buffer, delivering the processed event records to an element of the operation system layer of events substantially continuously as a stream, by the at least one second self-contained component of the mediation layer [e.g., Fig. 4A; col.5 line 62 – col.6 line 6],

wherein the event records are passed through at least three self-contained components of the mediation layer, starting from one of the first self-contained components, then through at least one third self-contained component and finally through one of the second self-contained components [e.g., Figs. 1A-1B show data collection hierarchy that may take as many levels as needed to cover the intended collection nodes; col.6, lines 1-20],

wherein the step of delivering event records comprises writing- the event records output by a preceding self-contained component of the mediation layer into a buffer, and reading the buffer substantially continuously by the subsequent self-contained component of the mediation layer [e.g., col.5 lines 14-40],

wherein after reading- an event record from a buffer, a copy of the event record [e.g., CTOC] is retained in the buffer, and removed from the buffer only after successfully outputting the event record from the reading self-contained component of the mediation layer [e.g., 508-514, Fig.5A; col. 9, lines 27-33].

- 8. As to claims 2-3, Krishnamurthy further teaches that at least part of the step of processing event records is performed by at least one first self-contained component of the mediation layer and at least part of the step of processing event records is performed by at least one second self-contained component of the mediation layer [e.g., col.2, lines 58-65; i.e., the network of data processing systems includes endpoints, gateways, and collectors, each has certain processing functionalities].
- 9. As to claims 4 and 6, Krishnamurthy further teaches that at least part of the step of processing event records is performed by at least one third self-contained component of the mediation layer that operates independently of the other self-contained components of the mediation layer [Note that Krishnamurthy's network of data processing system does not limit the number of collection nodes].
- 10. As to claim 5, Krishnamurthy further teaches that at least two different hosts are used such that at least one of the self-contained components of the mediation layer runs in a first host

and at least one of the other self-contained components runs in another host [e.g., col. 4, lines 45-62; i.e., each collection node is by itself a network node, meaning that they are different hosts].

- 11. As to claim 10, Krishnamurthy further teaches that the preceding self-contained component of the mediation layer outputs event records into the buffer grouped into small groups of event records, and the subsequent self-contained component of the mediation layer reads event records from the buffer in small groups of event records [e.g., col.7 lines 39-50; 408, Fig.4A].
- 12. As to claim 11, Krishnamurthy teaches that at least two separate self-contained components of the mediation layer write event records into a single buffer [e.g., 108b of Fig. 1A, wherein three gateway nodes feed data to the same collector 108b].
- 13. As to claim 12, Krishnamurthy further teaches that at least two separate self-contained components of the mediation layer read event records from one and the same buffer [e.g., 204, Fig. 2B; col. 4, lines 45-62; col.5, lines 42-61; i.e., depending on channel bandwidth, two collector nodes reading from one buffer is just an example of customized collection network topology].
- 14. As to claim 14, Krishnamurthy further teaches that that the retained event record is marked with status information indicating the "under processing" status of the event record [i.e., under the notion of queue operation, a last record that has just been read is pointed by a readpointer. In fact, the pointer's pointing position in the queue is a piece of essential information for tracking the status of the queue. Since Krishnamurthy's system uses input and output queues for

holding CTOC data structure [Fig. 4A] and it also has to track the progress of the collection in the network [col.5, lines 14-21; col. 5, lines 42-48], it is clear that the queue pointer provides a "under processing" status of the event record].

- 15. As to claim 15, Krishnamurthy further teaches that the method further comprises the steps of monitoring by a monitoring system the operation of the self-contained components of the mediation layer and, in case of failure of any of the self-contained components, automatically setting up a new self-contained component to replace the failed component [e.g., col. 5, lines 42-48; col.8, lines 49-59].
- 16. As to claim 16, Krishnamurthy further teaches that the method comprises the steps of monitoring by a monitoring system the production capacity of the self-contained components of the mediation layer and, in case of insufficient production capacity of any of the self-contained components automatically setting up an auxiliary self-contained component parallel to the self-contained component with insufficient production capacity [e.g., col. 4, lines 45-62; col.11, lines 54-65; note that "dynamically modified at run time" implies automatic modification].
- 17. As to claims 9, 17 and 24-52, since the features of these claims can also be found in claims 1 and 16, they are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claims 1 and 16 above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 18. Claims 18-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Krishnamurthy et al.(hereafter "Krishnamurthy")[U.S. Pat. No. 6421676], as applied to claims 1-6, 9-12, 14-17 and 24-52 above, further in view of Blott et al.(hereafter "Blott")[U.S. Pat. No. 6449618].
- 19. Blott is cited from Applicant's IDS and was cited in the previous office action.
- 20. As to claim 18, Krishnamurthy does not specifically teach converting the format of event records into a mediation layer format for processing and then converting the processed event records into an operation system layer format.

However, in the same field of endeavor Blott teaches an event processing system with the format conversion as claimed [e.g., Blott: col.21 line 48 – col.22 line 26].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Krishnamurthy and Blott by making using of Krishnamurthy's data collection network, while distributing the data processing tasks into the various intermediate data collectors for processing (along with format conversions) because it alleviates the burden at Krishnamurthy's data compilation stage, which usually takes place when relevant event records are collected [e.g., col.6, lines 26-32]

21. As to claim 19, Blott further teaches that the step of processing event records comprises at least one of the following: validating and analysing event records, enrichment of event records, aggregation and correlation of event records, formatting of event records and rating [e.g., col.4, lines 4-8; col. 32, lines 1-41].

- 22. As to claim 20, Krishnamurthy and Blott further teaches that each of the self-contained components operates independently and continuously once started [Krishnamurthy: Abstract (e.g., initiate transfer process based on local queues); and Blott:col.7, lines 29-31 (i.e., a "sharednothing" approach makes the RAEs running independently among themselves)].
- 23. As to claim 21, Krishnamurthy and Blott further teaches that the method comprises steps of stopping the operation of a self-contained component by the self-contained component itself, and performing said step of stopping the operation by the self-contained component only if instructed so by a manager component of the mediation layer [e.g., Blott: col.2, lines 19-21; col.28, lines 60-62].
- 24. As to claim 22, Krishnamurthy and Blott further teaches that the method comprises the steps of providing each of the self-contained components with its own individual settings, and each of the self-contained components functioning according to its own individual settings [e.g.,Blott: col. 22, lines 49-61; note that since each cluster/RAE may be configured to deal with dynamic customer need, it must be configured differently].
- As to claim 23, Krishnamurthy and Blott do not teach that said individual settings of each of the self-contained components include a node base part of the settings, which is identical

to the node base parts of the other self-contained components within the mediation layer, and a node application part of the settings, which contain custom processing rules and which is different to the node application parts of at least most of the other self-contained components within the mediation layer.

However, template as basis for individual configuration file is well known in the art.

Furthermore, Blott teaches that certain configuration data (such as rate table) may be replicated across different RAEs. On the other hand, the RAEs in each cluster are also adapted to customer's needs [e.g., col. 9, lines 12-18; col. 22, lines 49-61].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to keep configuration templates in a database node that is accessible to all the self-contained components because the approach speeds up the configuration of settings that are common to all the self-contained components.

26. A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 (three) months and 0 days from the mail date of this letter. Failure to respond within the period for response will result in ABANDONMENT of the application (see 35 U.S.C. 133, M.P.E.P. 710.02, 710.02(b)).

Conclusion

Examiner note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from

the applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the contest of the passage as taught by the

prior art or disclosed by the Examiner.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wen-Tai. Lin whose telephone number is (571)272-3969. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:00-5:00) .

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272-1915. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are as follows:

(571) 273-8300 for official communications; and

(571) 273-3969 for status inquires draft communication.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Wen-Tai Lin

February 22, 2008

/Wen-Tai Lin/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2154